

CITGO TRANSGARD® ATF* Dexron III®/Mercon® Material Safety Data Sheet

CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210

MSDS No. Revision Date 633133001 8/26/2005

IMPORTANT: Read this MSDS before handling or disposing of this product and pass this information on to employees, customers and users of this product.

Emergency Overview

Physical State Liquid. Color Red.

Odor

WARNING:

dor Mild petroleum odor

WARNING:

Oil injected into the skin from high-pressure leaks can cause severe injury.

Most damage occurs during the first few hours.

Seek medical attention immediately.

Surgical removal of oil may be necessary.

Spills may create a slipping hazard.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name	CITGO TRANSGARD® ATF* Dexron III®/Mercon®	Technical Contact	(800) 248-4684
Product Number	633133001	Medical Emergency	(832) 486-4700
CAS Number	Mixture.	CHEMTREC Emergency (United States Only)	(800) 424-9300
Product Family	Automatic Transmission Fluid		
Synonyms	Automatic Transmission Fluid; CITGO [®] Material Code No.: 633133001	l	

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION

Component Name(s)

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic Highly-refined petroleum lubricant oils Proprietary Ingredients Petroleum hydrocarbon distillate

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Also see Emergency Overview and Hazard Ratings on the top of Page 1 of this MSDS.

Major Route(s) of Entry Skin contact.

Signs and Symptoms of Acute Exposure

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CAS Registry No. 64742-54-7 Mixture Proprietary Mixture 68477-31-6 **Concentration (%)** 80 - 90

- 1 10
- <5
- <3

* = Chronic Health Hazard Protective Equipment Minimum Recommended See Section 8 for Details With the section a for Details

Hazard Rankings

Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

Reactivity

HMIS NFPA

0

1

0

1

1

0

Inhalation	No significant adverse health effects are expected to occur upon short-term exposure.
Eye Contact	This product can cause transient mild eye irritation with short-term contact with liquid sprays or mists. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness, and swelling.
Skin Contact	This material can cause mild skin irritation from prolonged or repeated skin contact. Injection under the skin can cause inflammation and swelling. Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	If swallowed, large volumes of material can cause generalized depression, headache, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Smaller doses can cause a laxative effect. If aspirated into the lungs, liquid can cause lung damage.
Chronic Health Effects Summary	This product contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause mild irritation and inflammation characterized by drying, cracking, (dermatitis) or oil acne. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of petroleum-based mineral oil mists at concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels can cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects.
Conditions Aggravated by Exposure	Disorders of the following organs or organ systems that may be aggravated by significant exposure to this material or its components include: Skin
Target Organs	May cause damage to the following organs: skin
Carcinogenic Potential	This product is not known to contain any components at concentrations above 0.1% which are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC or NTP.
OSHA Hazard Classifica	tion is indicated by an "X" in the boy adjacent to the hazard title. If no "X" is present

OSHA Hazard Classification is indicated by an "X" in the box adjacent to the hazard title. If no "X" is present, the product does not exhibit the hazard as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

OSHA Heal	h Hazard Classification		OSH	A Physical Hazard Cla	assificat	ion	
Irritant Toxic Corrosive	Sensitizer Highly Toxic Carcinogenic	Combustible Flammable Compressed Gas		Explosive Oxidizer Organic Peroxide		Pyrophoric Water-reactive Unstable	

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue or providing first aid. For more specific information, refer to Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 of this MSDS.

InhalationVaporization is not expected at ambient temperatures. This material is not expected to cause
inhalation-related disorders under anticipated conditions of use. In case of overexposure,
move the person to fresh air.Eye ContactCheck for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while
occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, redness,
or pain persists.Skin ContactIf burned by hot material, cool skin by quenching with large amounts of cool water. For
contact with product at ambient temperatures, remove contaminated shoes and clothing.
Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with mild soap and water. Seek medical
attention if tissue appears damaged or if pain or irritation persists. Thoroughly clean
contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods. If material is
injected under the skin, seek medical attention immediately.

Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Do not give anything to drink unless directed to by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. Seek medical attention immediately.
Notes to Physician	SKIN: In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include extensive incision, debridement and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in ischemia and gangrene. Early symptoms may be minimal.
	INGESTION: The viscosity range of the product(s) represented by this MSDS is greater than 100 SUS at 100°F. There is a low risk of aspiration upon ingestion Careful gastric lavage or emesis may be considered to evacuate large quantities of material.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA Flammability Classification	NFPA Class-IIIB combustible material.		
Flash Point	Closed cup: 150°C (302°F). (Pensky-Martens (ASTM D-93). (Minimum)) Open cup: 180°C (356°F) (Cleveland. (Minimum)).		
Lower Flammable Limit	No data. Upper Flammable Limit No data.		
Autoignition Temperature	Not available.		
Hazardous Combustion Products	Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and trace oxides of sulfur and/or nitrogen.		
Special Properties	This material can burn but will not readily ignite. This material will release vapors when heated above the flash point temperature that can ignite when exposed to a source of ignition. In enclosed spaces, heated vapor can ignite with explosive force. Mists or sprays may burn at temperatures below the flash point.		
Extinguishing Media	Use dry chemical, foam, Carbon Dioxide or water fog. Water or foam may cause frothing. Carbon dioxide and inert gas can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide or inert gas in confined spaces.		
Protection of Fire Fighters	Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies.		

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting spill control or clean-up. For more specific information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 and Disposal Considerations in Section 13 of this MSDS.

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for later disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers. In urban area, cleanup spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek cleanup advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used. Comply with all laws and regulations.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handling Avoid contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation. Empty containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat or other potential ignition sources. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this product.
- **Storage** Keep container closed. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at elevated temperatures. Avoid storing product in direct sunlight for extended periods of time. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers or waste residues of this product.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits (see below). An eye wash station and safety shower should be located near the work-station.

Personal ProtectivePersonal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which
this material is used. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should
be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. The following
pictograms represent the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. For
certain operations, additional PPE may be required.



Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in Eye Protection industrial settings. Wear goggles if splashing or spraying is anticipated. Wear goggles and face shield if material is heated above 125°F (51°C). Have suitable eye wash water available. Hand Protection Use gloves constructed of chemical resistant materials such as heavy nitrile rubber if frequent or prolonged contact is expected. Use heat-protective gloves when handling product at elevated temperatures. **Body Protection** Use clean protective clothing if splashing or spraying conditions are present. Protective clothing may include long-sleeve outer garment, apron, or lab coat. If significant contact occurs, remove oil-contaminated clothing as soon as possible and promptly shower. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse or discard. Wear heat protective boots and protective clothing when handling material at elevated temperatures. If elevated airborne concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels are **Respiratory Protection** anticipated, a NIOSH-approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection factors vary depending upon the type of respirator used. Respirators should be used in accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134). **General Comments** Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed skin areas with plenty of mild soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, use of toilet facilities, or leaving work. DO NOT use gasoline, kerosene, solvents or harsh abrasives as skin cleaners. Since specific exposure standards/control limits have not been established for this product, the "Oil Mist, Mineral" exposure limits shown below are suggested as minimum control guidelines.

Occupational Exposure Guidelines

Oil Mist, Mineral

Applicable Workplace Exposure Levels

ACGIH (United States).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). **OSHA (United States).** TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). **ACGIH TLV (United States).** TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). **OSHA PEL (United States).** TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s).

Petroleum hydrocarbon distillate

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (TYPICAL)

Physical State	Liquid.	Color	Red.		Odor	Mild petroleum odor
Specific Gravity	0.86 (Water = 1)	рН	Not Applic	able.	Vapor Density	>1 (Air = 1)
Boiling Range	Not available.			Melting/ Point	Freezing	Not available.
Vapor Pressure	<0.01 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) (at 20°C)		Volatility		Slightly volatile.	
Solubility in Water	Negligible solubility in cold water.		Viscosit (cSt @ 4		35	
Flash Point	Closed cup: 150°C (3 (Cleveland. (Minimu	, ,	ensky-Marter	ns (ASTM	D-93). (Minir	num)) Open cup: 180°C (356°F)
Additional Properties	Gravity, ºAPI (ASTM D287) = 32.7@ 60º F Density = 7.18 Lbs/gal. Viscosity (ASTM D2161) = AP 180 SUS @ 100º F					

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable.	Hazardous Polymerization	Not expected to occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from extreme he	eat, sparks, open flame, and st	rongly oxidizing conditions.
Materials Incompatibility	Strong oxidizers.		
Hazardous Decomposition Products	No additional hazardous de products identified in Sectio		ntified other than the combustion

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

For other health-related information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1 and the Hazards Identification in Section 3 of this MSDS.

Toxicity Data	Distillates, petroleu ORAL (LD50): DERMAL (LD50):	Acute: >5	ed heavy paraffinic : 000 mg/kg [Rat]. 000 mg/kg [Rabbit].		
		toxicities in animals. concentrations of mi	Effects from sineral oil mists v	refined oils are reported to hav ngle and short-term repeated ex vell above applicable workplace anuloma formation and lipoid pr	xposures to high exposure levels include
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sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested.

Petroleum hydrocarbon distillate: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2551 mg/kg [Rat].

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Analysis for ecological effects has not been conducted on this product. However, if spilled, this product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal, and aquatic life. Also, the coating action associated with petroleum and petroleum products can be harmful or fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl.

Environmental Fate An environmental fate analysis is not available for this specific product. Plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lubricating oils normally will float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway may be sufficient to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Hazard characteristic and regulatory waste stream classification can change with product use. Accordingly, it is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition.

Conditions of use may cause this material to become a "hazardous waste", as defined by federal or state regulations. It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a "hazardous waste" at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues. Empty drums and pails retain residue. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose this product's empty container to heat, flame, or other ignition sources. DO NOT attempt to clean it. Empty drums and pails should be drained completely, properly bunged or sealed, and promptly sent to a reconditioner.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description below may not represent requirements for all modes of transportation, shipping methods or locations outside of the United States.

US DOT Status	Not regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation as a hazardous material.		
Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated.		
Hazard Class	Not regulated.	Packing Group(s)	Not applicable.
		UN/NA Number	Not regulated.
Reportable Quantity	A Reportable Quantity (RQ) has not been established for this material.		

Placard(s)



Emergency Response Guide No. MARPOL III Status Not applicable.

Not a DOT "Marine Pollutant" per 49 CFR 171.8.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory	This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.
SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning and Notification	The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No components were identified.
SARA 311/312 Hazard Identification	The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under the following hazard categories:
	No SARA 311/312 hazard categories identified.
SARA 313 Toxic Chemical Notification and Release Reporting	This product contains the following components in concentrations above de minimis levels that are listed as toxic chemicals in 40 CFR Part 372 pursuant to the requirements of Section 313 of SARA: No components were identified.
CERCLA	The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center concerning release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQ's) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically designated in 40 CFR 302.4. This product or refinery stream is not known to contain chemical substances subject to this statute. However, it is recommended that you contact state and local authorities to determine if there are any other reporting requirements in the event of a spill.
Clean Water Act (CWA)	This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
California Proposition 65	This material may contain the following components which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and may be subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5): Toluene: <0.05% Naphthalene: <0.01% Ethylbenzene: <0.002%
New Jersey Right-to-Know Label	Petroleum Oil (Automatic Transmission Fluid)
Additional Regulatory Remarks	No additional regulatory remarks.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Refer to the top of Page 1 for the HMIS and NFPA Hazard Ratings for this product.

REVISION INFORMATION

ABBREVIATIONS	
Print Date	Printed on 8/26/2005.
Revision Date	8/26/2005
version number	1.1

AP: Approximately EQ: Equal >: Greater Than <: Less Than ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NPCA: National Paint and Coating Manufacturers Association

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NA: Not Applicable ND: No Data NE: Not Established AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association NTP: National Toxicology Program OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration HMIS: Hazardous Materials Information System EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

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